

# Assessing vulnerabilities and adaptive capacity in coastal communities

Nathan P. Nibbelink<sup>1</sup>, Robert Cooper<sup>1</sup>, J. Michael Meyers<sup>2</sup>,  
Clinton T. Moore<sup>2</sup>, and Kyle Barrett<sup>1</sup>

Warnell School of Forestry and Natural Resources<sup>1</sup>  
Patuxent Wildlife Research Center<sup>2</sup>  
University of Georgia

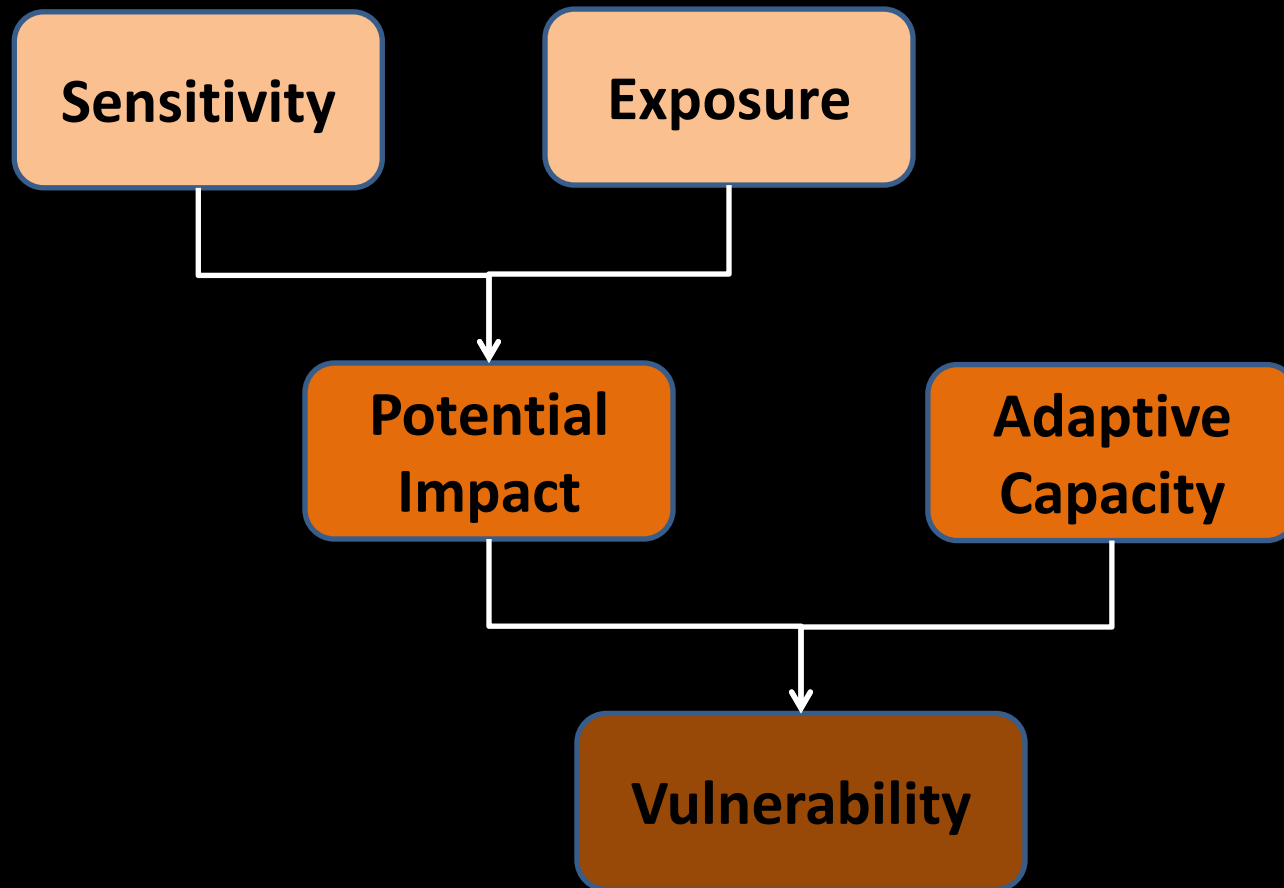
# Current project objectives

- Assess sensitivity and exposure of select coastal vertebrates to climate change
  - Occupancy modeling (local and landscape scale)
  - Species distribution modeling

## Potential future project

Assess adaptive capacity of vertebrates following habitat management efforts

# Assessing vulnerability to climate change







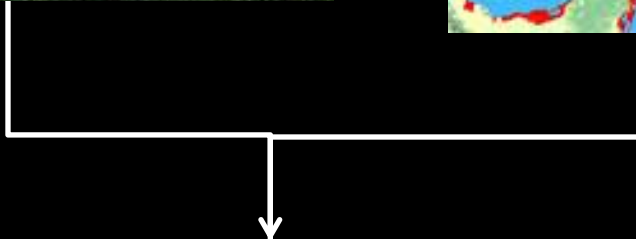
SENSITIVITY



EXPOSURE



POTENTIAL IMPACT



ADAPTIVE CAPACITY





ADAPTIVE CAPACITY



OVERALL CLIMATE CHANGE VULNERABILITY

LOW



HIGH

# Assessing sensitivities (target measures)

- Habitat features that correlate with occupancy and abundance
- Mechanistic drivers of species- occupancy
- Landscape factors (e.g., connectivity, patch size, and edge density)





# Assessing sensitivities: example

WETLANDS, Vol. 29, No. 3, September 2009, pp. 798–808  
© 2009, The Society of Wetland Scientists

## OCCUPANCY OF SELECT MARSH BIRDS WITHIN NORTHERN GULF OF MEXICO TIDAL MARSH: CURRENT ESTIMATES AND PROJECTED CHANGE

Scott A. Rush<sup>1</sup>, Eric C. Soehren<sup>2</sup>, Mark S. Woodrey<sup>3,4</sup>, Courtney L. Graydon<sup>2</sup>, and Robert J. Cooper<sup>1</sup>

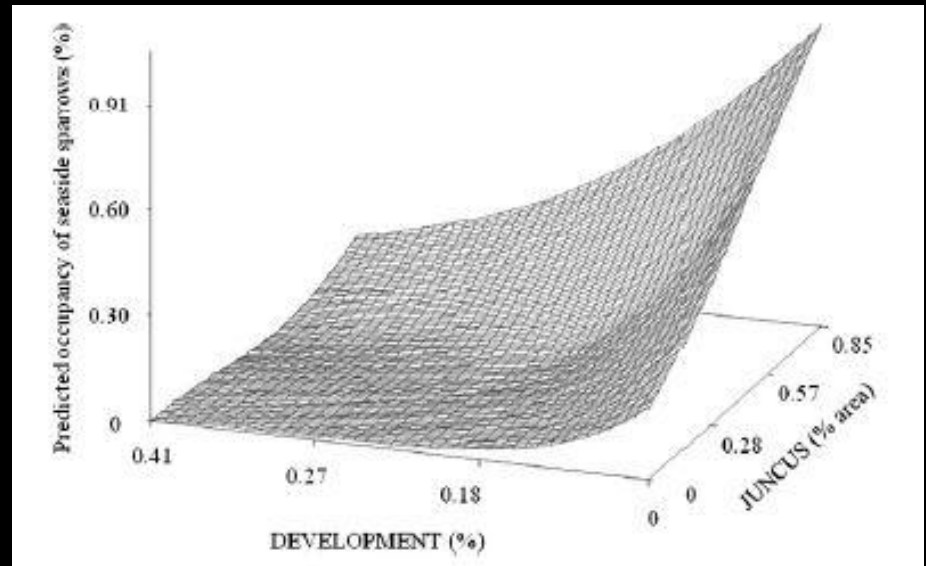
<sup>1</sup>D. B. Warnell School of Forestry and Natural Resources, University of Georgia, Athens, Georgia, USA, 30602

E-mail: rush@warnell.uga.edu

Species-specific responses to marsh  
vegetation and surrounding landscape



Seaside sparrow



# Assessing sensitivities: example

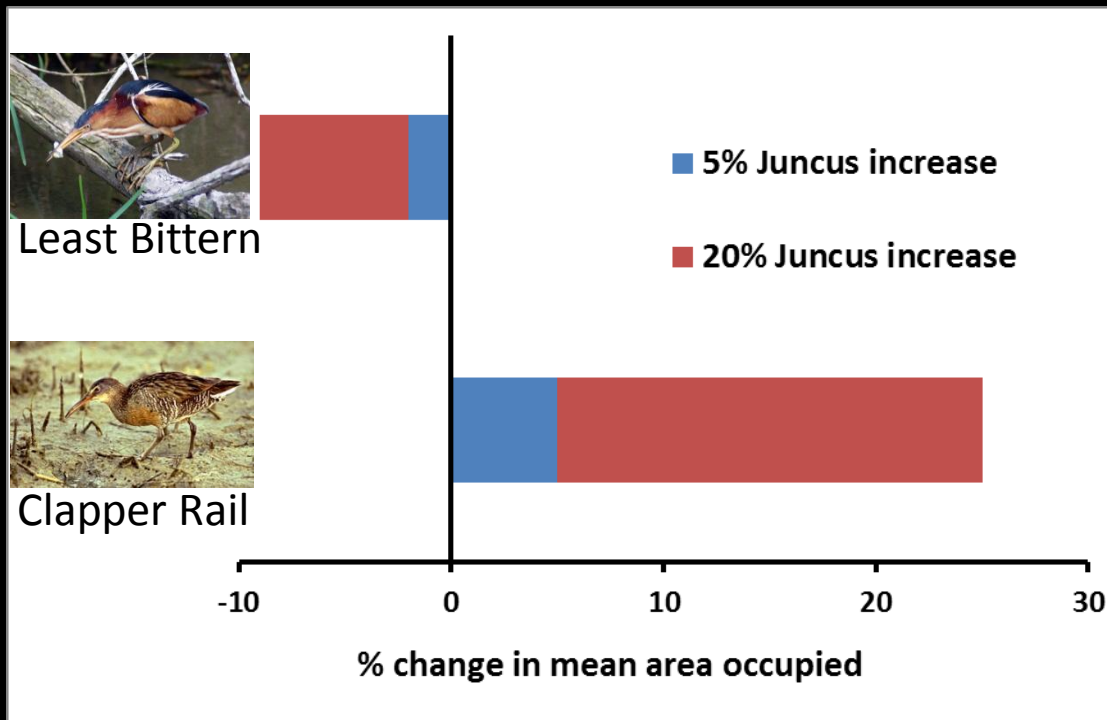
*WETLANDS*, Vol. 29, No. 3, September 2009, pp. 798–808  
© 2009, The Society of Wetland Scientists

## OCCUPANCY OF SELECT MARSH BIRDS WITHIN NORTHERN GULF OF MEXICO TIDAL MARSH: CURRENT ESTIMATES AND PROJECTED CHANGE

Scott A. Rush<sup>1</sup>, Eric C. Soehren<sup>2</sup>, Mark S. Woodrey<sup>3,4</sup>, Courtney L. Graydon<sup>2</sup>, and Robert J. Cooper<sup>1</sup>

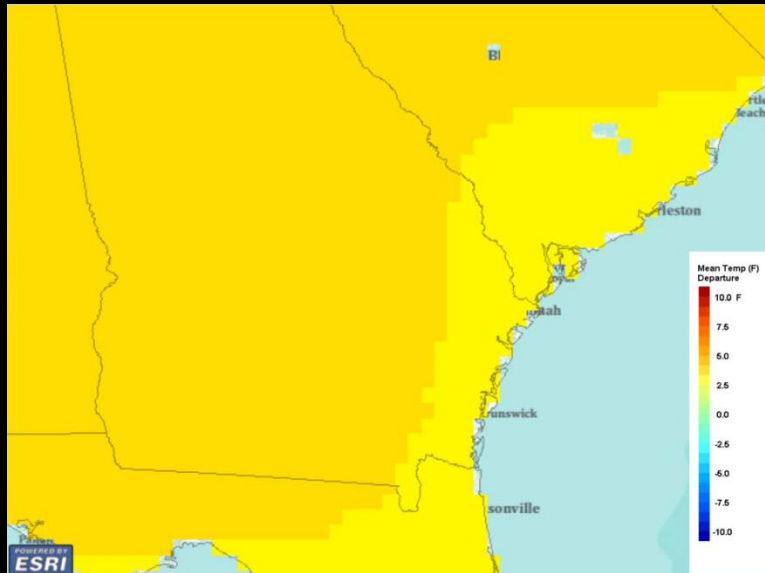
<sup>1</sup>*D. B. Warnell School of Forestry and Natural Resources, University of Georgia, Athens, Georgia, USA, 30602*

*E-mail: rush@warnell.uga.edu*



# Assessing exposure

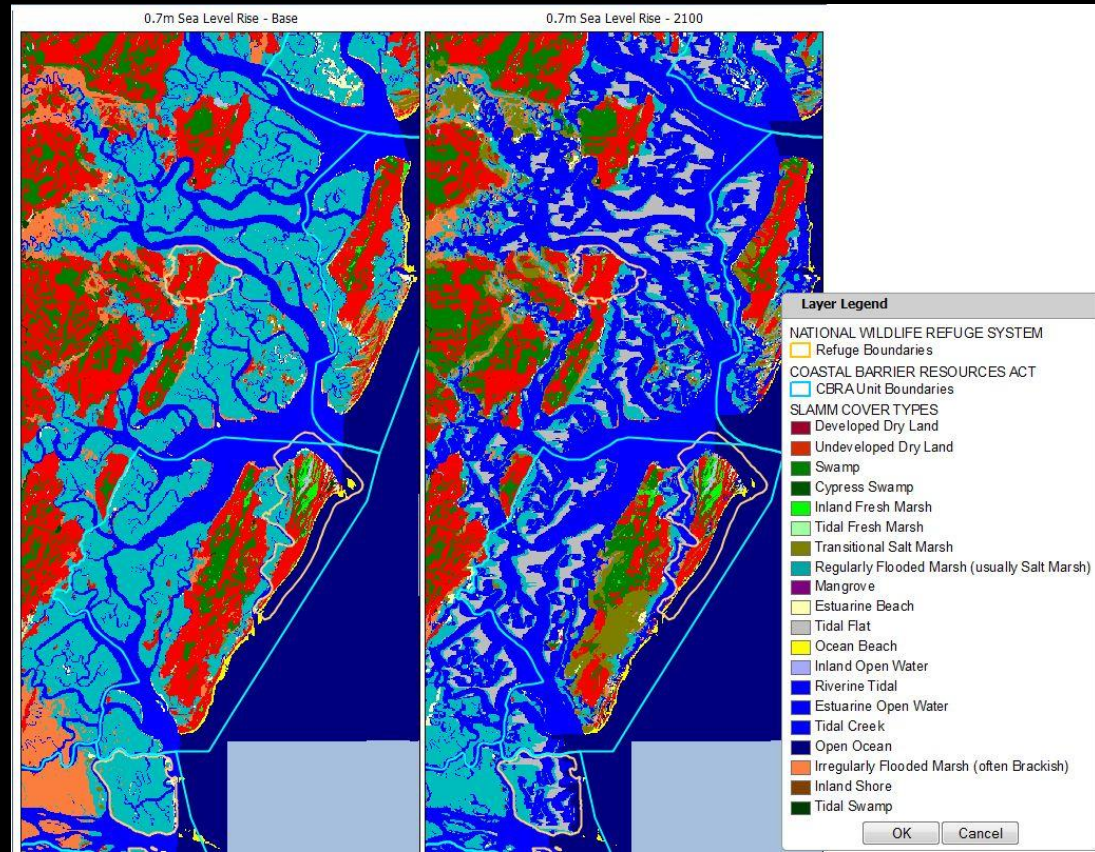
March – May projected temperature increase  
2050 (ensemble avg – A2 scenario)



0.7 m sea level rise scenario

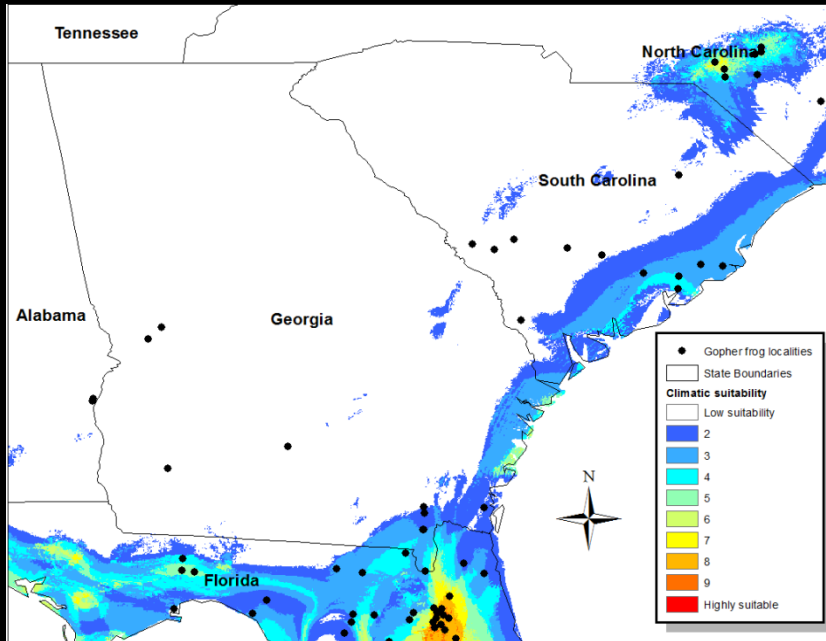
Current

2100 - projected

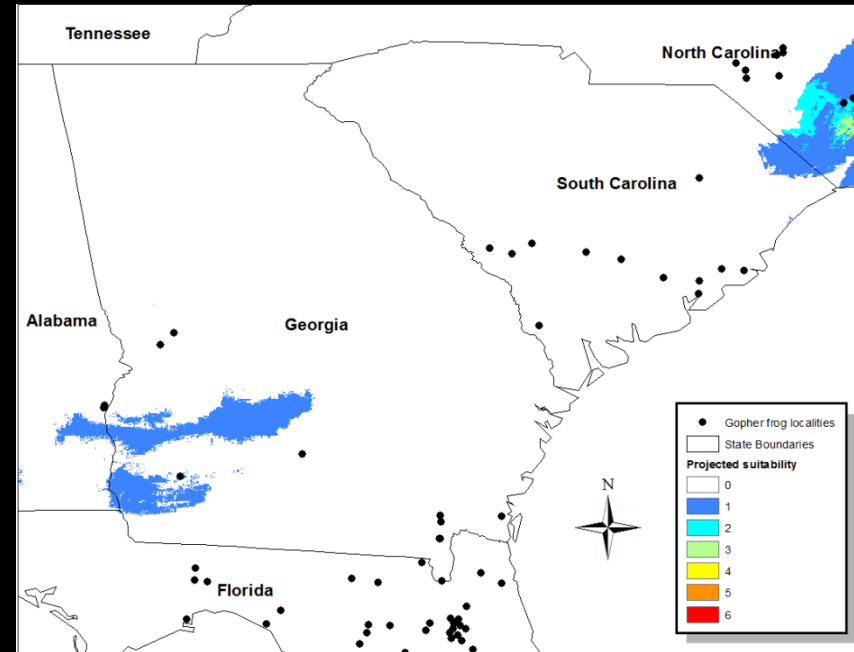


# Assessing exposure: example

Current climatic suitability



Projected climatic suitability (B2a – 2050)



Gopher Frog

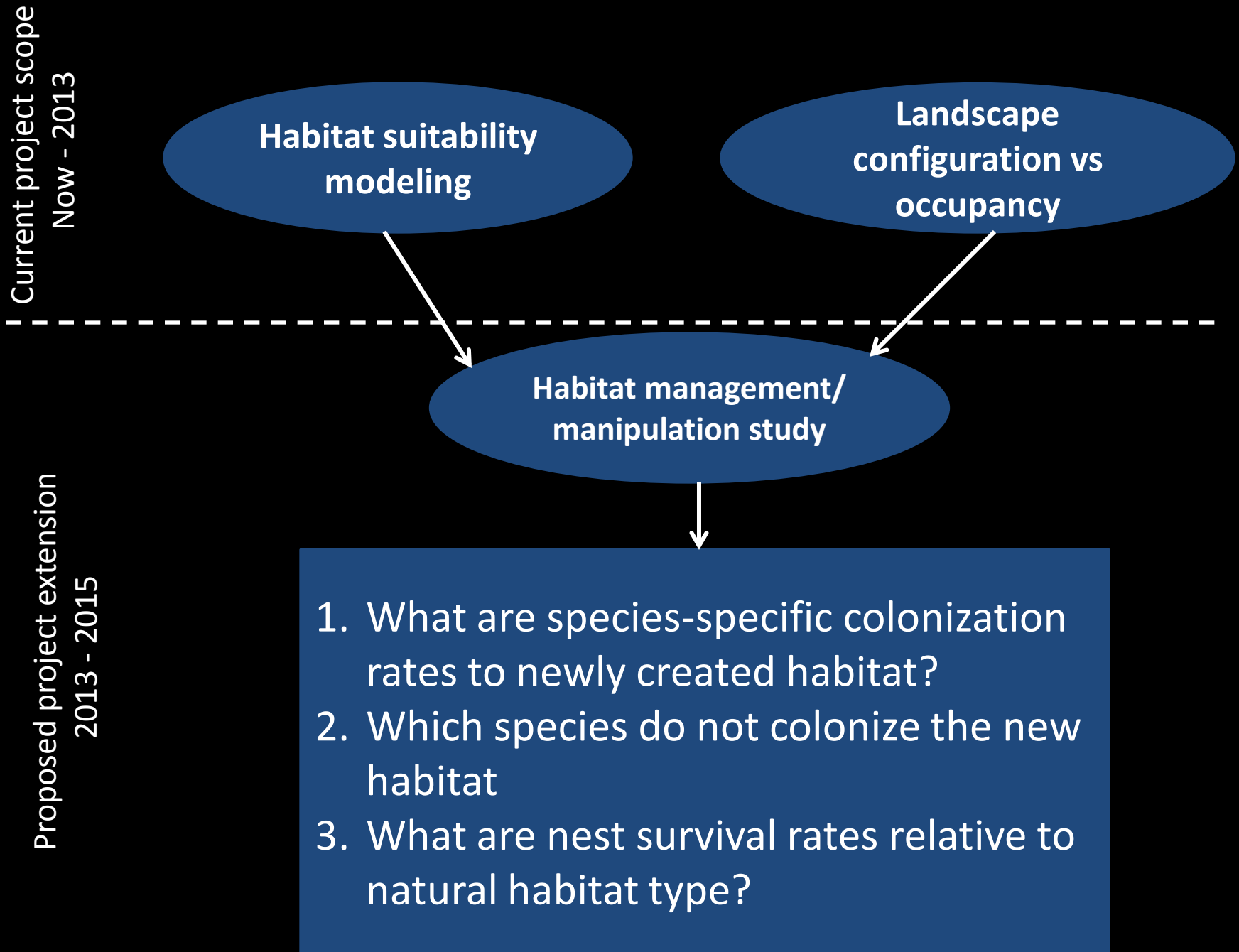
- Construct species distribution models
  - Capture climatic and habitat preference
  - Ensemble a range of future scenarios

## Habitat suitability modeling

## Landscape configuration vs occupancy

1. What are the current distributions?
2. What are the future distributions?
3. What are the future distributions?

1. What are the species-specific sensitivities to habitat type? Patch size? Landscape configuration?
2. How large and / or connected would a habitat manipulation need to be in order to recruit sustainable communities?





# Habitat management / manipulation study



Inland marsh creation



Marsh inundation (mimic SLR)

# Species selection

- Focusing on species of conservation concern
  - Prioritizing species listed by > 1 state
  - For birds, PIF listing considered
- Ease of monitoring
- Represent diverse natural histories

Collaborative  
opportunities?





Current project scope  
Now - 2013

## Habitat suitability modeling

1. What are the potential future species distributions?
2. What uncertainty surrounds forecasts?
3. What sites are most likely to be suitable for future habitat management efforts?

## Landscape configuration vs occupancy

1. What are the species-specific sensitivities to habitat type? Patch size? Landscape configuration?
2. How large and / or connected would a habitat manipulation need to be in order to recruit sustainable communities?

## Habitat management/ manipulation case study

1. What are species-specific colonization rates to newly created habitat?
2. Which species do not colonize the new habitat?
3. What are nest survival rates relative to natural habitat type?

Proposed project extension  
2013 - 2015